4th Winter School 2014 Saas Fee January 12-18

Welcome

M. Domenica Cappellini President of EFIM



EFIM

- The European Federation of Internal Medicine (EFIM) is a scientific organisation founded in 1996 from the Association Européenne de Médicine Interne (AEMI)
- EFIM was formed by bringing together the national societies of internal medicine in each of the European countries, both inside and outside the European Union.
- EFIM is aimed to re-emphasise the central role of internal medicine in the era of complexity

History of (Young) AEMI(E) and the EFIM. UEF Carcassi, JWF Elte, C Davidson Eur J Int Med 2007; 18: 26-30.

EFIM composition



- 38 National Societies
- Executive Committee
- Administrative Council
- FDIME
- Working groups
- Secretariat (Brussels)



EFIM SCHOOL

- The European School of Internal Medicine was born in 1998 from a proposal from the Spanish Society of Internal Medicine.
- The primary goal was to promote good quality continuous medical education for young internists from our member societies
- Second, and no less important, was to make the School a meeting point for European residents - a place for exchange and friendship
- From 2011 we have planned to run 2 ESIM courses per year, with the first Winter School taking place in Switzerland in January 2011



EFIM Young Internist network





European Journal of Internal Medicine journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/ejim



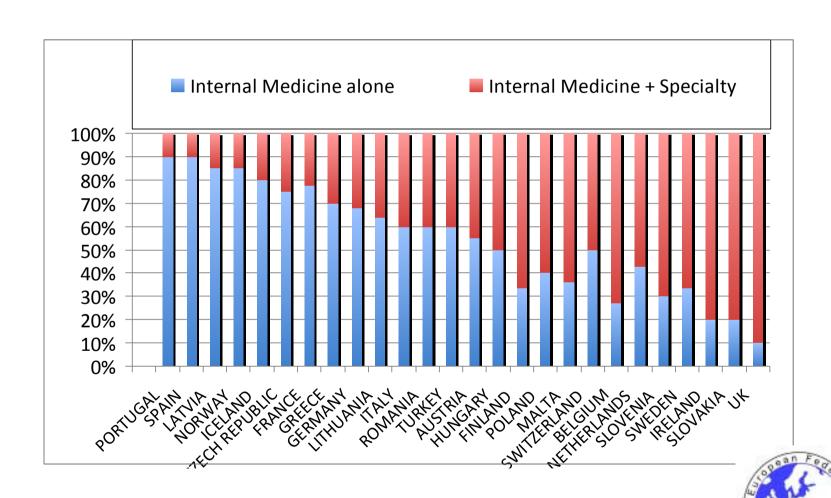
Original article

The practice of internal medicine in Europe: organisation, clinical conditions and procedures

Mark Cranston, Colin Semple b Roger Duckitt, Moshe Vardi, Stefan Lindgren, Christopher Davidson, Runolfur Palsson, for the European Board of Internal Medicine Competencies Working Group

European Journal of Internal Medicine 24 (2013) 627–632

What are European internists like?



The practice of internists

- In 8 countries, the majority of internists practice only Internal Medicine
 - Austria, Czech Republic, France, Germany,
 Greece, Portugal, Romania and Spain
- In 8 countries, 30-50% of internists practice Internal Medicine and a subspecialty
- A minority of of internists practice only a subspecialty
- The majority of internists are hospital-based
- At least half of internists in Germany, Greece, Poland, Slovakia and Switzerland practice exclusively in an office setting

Pneumology Remology R Cardiology America Services Nefrology

Sga-Pro



Sga-Pro



European Journal of Internal Medicine journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/ejim



Original article

Postgraduate education in internal medicine in Europe

Mark Cranston, Monique Slee-Valentijn, Christopher Davidson, Stefan Lindgren, Colin Semple, Runolfur Palsson for the European Board of Internal Medicine Competencies Working Group

European Journal of Internal Medicine 24 (2013) 633–638

What we need?

- Medical care has to be optimized, not maximized
- Europe`s health care systems need patient-centred generalists who have a broad knowledge of all aspects of medicine for adults
- Good coordination of all services must have an impact on health care quality, on access to medicine, on the rational use of the resources and on providing cost effective care.



 It is time to redesign postgraduate training in internal medicine



How to achieve that?

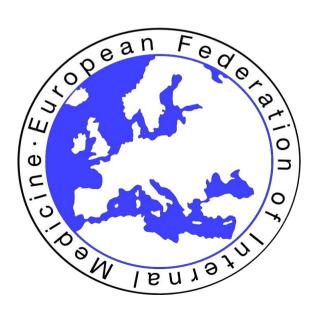
- Working togheter under EFIM umbrella for achieving the adequate recognition of Internist's role in health care system and to redesign a common training curriculum in Internal Medicine
- Working group with UEMS and EBIM



The Future of Internal Medicine in Europe

4th winter School 12-18 January 2014 Saas Fee

Director: V. Briner





European Journal of Case Reports in Internal Medicine

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"The good physician treats the disease; the great physician treats the patient who has the disease" William Osler



www.escim2014.org